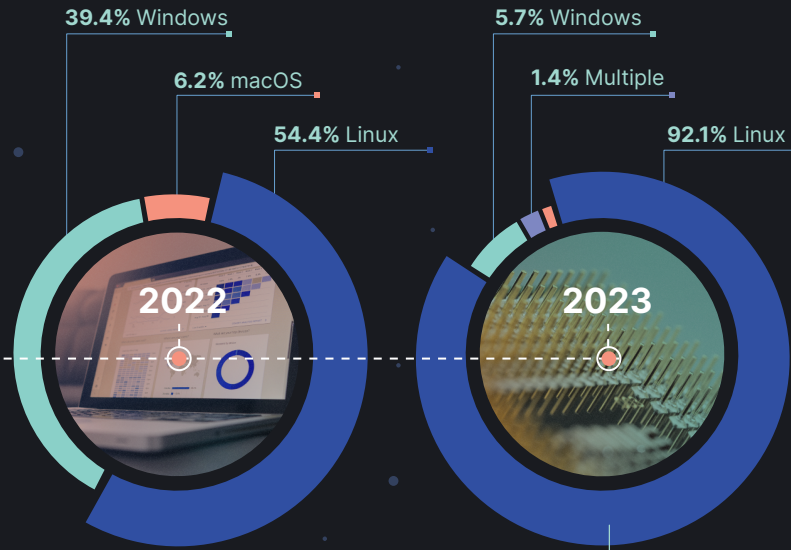


# Adversary Methods in the 2023 Elastic Global Threat Report

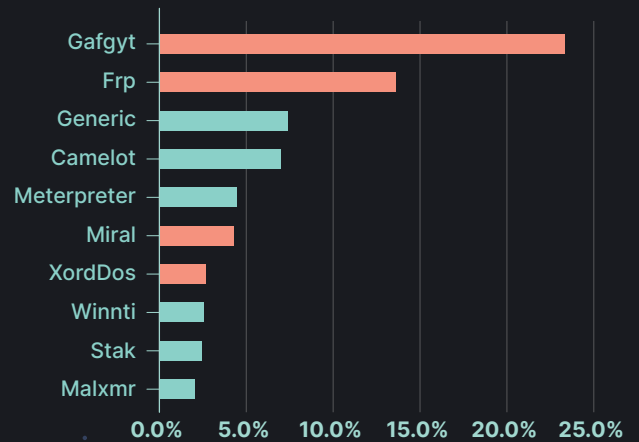
Our report is derived from over **1 billion data points**

## Linux infrastructure draws adversary attention



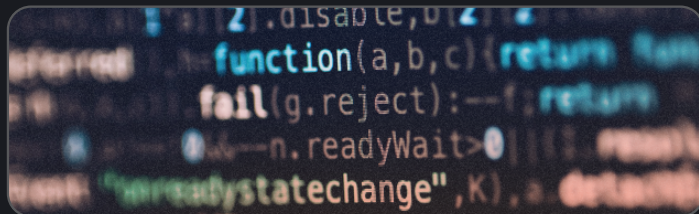
Reliance on Linux servers has resulted in a large increase in malware signals.

### Top 10 malware/payloads observed in Linux



Botnets are popular within this OS, capitalizing on connectivity in **~44%** of Linux observed attacks

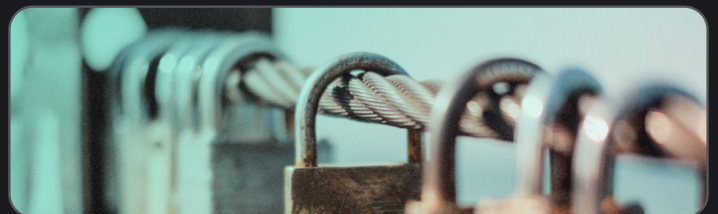
## Reliance on Defense Evasion in endpoints indicates adaptation to hostile environments



MITRE ATT&CK tactics observed across all endpoints	HITS
Defense Evasion	43.88%
Execution	29.20%
Persistence	7.98%
Privilege Escalation	6.93%
Credential Access	5.60%

Adversaries are leaning on OS design flaws like **BYOVD** to prevent detection.

## Adversaries are finding success with Credential Access techniques in cloud environments



MITRE ATT&CK tactics observed across cloud service providers	Signal %
Credential Access	44.98%
Defense Evasion	23.02%
Execution	11.58%
Discovery	6.04%
Persistence	5.81%

Ease of gathering or lack of visibility into fraudulent use make this method reliable.

Understand the threat landscape with the **Elastic Global Threat Report**

Drill deeper into our observations on malware signatures, endpoint behaviors, and cloud providers and see our recommendations in the 2023 Global Threat Report. Follow Elastic Security Labs on X [@elasticseclabs](#) and **check out our blog** for the latest threat developments, research, and more!